

ness. The modern radical mastoid operations, the surgery of the lateral sinus, otogenic abscesses of the cerebrum and of the cerebellum, and purulent meningitis are each clearly discussed and the possibilities of relief by opening the skull are studied. The results of the involvement of the facial nerve are also analyzed.

Larngo-tracheal surgery concludes the work, occupying two hundred pages,—Tubage of the Larynx, Laryngectomy, Tracheotomy, Tuberculosis of the Larynx, Foreign Bodies in the Air-passages—these are chief among the topics discussed in this section. Each topic is treated with much fullness of detail, and the book, as a whole, which forms a part of Berger and Hartmann's *Traité de Médecine Opératoire et de Thérapeutique Chirurgicale* may be accepted as representing in its department the teachings of French surgery of the present day.

LEWIS S. PILCHER.

DIE VERWUNDUNGEN DURCH DIE MODERNEN KRIEGSFEURWAFFEN.  
Von STABSARZT DR. HILDEBRANDT. Berlin. 1905. August  
Hirschwald. [Wounds from Modern Military Firearms.]

This work of 280 pages presents a very practical discussion of the wounds of modern small-arms in warfare, their prognosis and treatment in the field. The experience of the author as staff surgeon in the German army, and as surgeon with the troops in the Boer war and in the Chinese expedition of the allied armies, has given him authority and experience for such a work. It is well illustrated, and embodies the most advanced information upon this subject.

J. P. WARBASSE.

THE SURGICAL ASSISTANT. By WALTER M. BRICKNER, B.S.,  
M.D. 1905. International Journal of Surgery Co. New  
York.

This is a manual for students, practitioners, hospital internes and nurses.. It tells how to assist the surgeon. It is eminently practical, and shows that it has been compiled from the surgical

experience of the author. It makes for system in surgical work and should be read especially by hospital internes. It is well illustrated and fills an important place in surgical literature.

J. P. WARBASSE.

CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS. By RUDOLF VON JAKSCH, M.D., Professor of Special Pathology and Therapeutics, University of Prague, etc. Fifth English Edition from the Fifth German Edition, Amplified and Edited by ARCHIBALD E. GARROD, M.D., etc., Lecturer on Clinical Pathology at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, Etc. Pp. 602. Illustrated, partly in color. London: Charles Griffin and Co. Limited. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott Company. 1905.

The fifth edition of Professor von Jaksch's "Clinical Diagnosis" in no wise falls short of the high standard set by the previous editions of this well-known book, nor has it lost anything by the death of its former translator, whose place Dr. Garrod has so ably supplied. The work has so long been a standard that little need be said by way of review. One need not eat a whole cheese to judge of its quality and a liberal taste here and there satisfies one of the excellence of "Clinical Diagnosis." One can find flaws, and perhaps a fair criticism is the rather brief mention accorded to the methods of staining blood-smears, especially for detecting the malarial parasites. The very convenient methods for using the various modifications of the Romanowsky stain, especially that of Wright, are not even mentioned. Neither is the Leischman-Donovan blood-parasite recorded, although trypanosomes are fully treated of. Urine is very fully considered, a new form of cast consisting of red blood-cells adherent to very large cylindroidal masses and occurring in occlusion of the renal artery being pictured. Intestinal parasites are very fully described and the chapters on the feces, stomach contents, sputum, and others, are excellent.

HENRY GOODWIN WEBSTER.